# Monmouth County, New Jersey Flood Hazard Mapping Status Report for Property Owners

#### **FLOOD INSURANCE**

#### Who Should Purchase Flood Insurance?

There is no Federal requirement to purchase flood insurance for structures located in the SFHA unless they are financed by a loan from a federally-regulated lending institution or when the mortgage is federally insured or guaranteed. However, FEMA recommends that property owners in at-risk areas carry flood insurance voluntarily. The National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 requires individuals in SFHAs who Flood Insurance versus Disaster Assistance You are in control. Flood insurance claims are paid even if a flood is not a presidentially declared disaster. Federal disaster assistance declarations are awarded in less than 50% of damaging floods. The most typical form of disaster assistance is a loan that must be repaid with interest.

receive disaster assistance for flood disaster losses to real or personal property to purchase and maintain flood insurance coverage on real property for the life of the building and on personal property for as long as they live in the dwelling. If flood insurance is not purchased and maintained, future disaster assistance will be denied. It is prudent to protect your investment with flood insurance even in low-to-moderate risk areas. Floods occur, with all too tragic frequency, in these areas as well; in fact, over 25% of all flood insurance claims are for properties outside of the SFHA. Structures in these areas are eligible for considerably lower cost coverage. Standard homeowners' insurance policies do *not* provide coverage against flood losses.

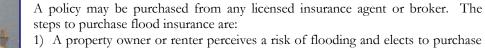
#### Who May Purchase a Flood Insurance Policy?

Insurance through the NFIP is available to all owners and renters (including condominium associations and condominium owners) of insurable property that is not located entirely over water in a community participating in the NFIP. Insurable property includes buildings and/or their contents, including personal property.

#### What Factors Determine Federal Flood Insurance Premiums?

A number of factors determine Federal flood insurance premiums, including the amount of coverage purchased, deductible, location, age, occupancy, and type of building. For some buildings, the elevation of the lowest floor relative to the BFE is also used to rate the policy.





flood insurance; or a lender extending or renewing a loan informs an owner that the building is in a SFHA and flood insurance is required.

2) The insurance agent completes the necessary forms. In the case of a building constructed in a SFHA after the issuance of a FIRM, a certified FEMA Elevation Certificate must be obtained.

3) The insurance agent submits the application and premium.

#### WHERE CAN I GET MORE INFORMATION?

HOW HIGH WILL THE

WATER GET THIS YEAR?

For any questions concerning the Monmouth County, New Jersey flood hazard mapping, or LOMAs and LOMR-Fs, please contact the FMIX toll-free information line at (877) FEMA MAP (877-336-2627), or e-mail the FMIX staff at <u>FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com</u>.

Visit http://www.fema.gov/plan/prevent/fhm/fmc\_loma.shtm for more information about LOMAs and LOMR-Fs.

For any questions concerning flood insurance, please contact the Flood Insurance Program at (800) 638 – 6620.



## Monmouth County, New Jersey Flood Hazard Mapping Status Report for Property Owners

This fact sheet provides background information on the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) administered by the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as well as an overview of the flood hazard mapping revisions being completed for Monmouth County, New Jersey by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) and FEMA Region II. The Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMs) for Monmouth County are being revised to reflect new data so residents, homeowners, business owners, and community officials can better understand their flood risk and manage development.

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### What is the NFIP?

Congress established the NFIP in 1968 in response to escalating costs to taxpayers for flood disaster relief. The NFIP is based on the agreement that if a community practices sound floodplain management, the Federal Government will make flood insurance available. FEMA maps and publishes flood hazard areas including the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), which is the area that has a 1% or greater chance of flooding in any given year and is commonly referred to as the 100-year floodplain. Development may take place within the SFHA provided that it complies with local floodplain management regulations that meet at least the minimum Federal criteria and any State or local enhanced criteria.

#### What is a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)?

When FEMA maps flood hazards in a community, two products are typically produced: a Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report and a FIRM. A FIRM illustrates the extent of flood hazards in a community by depicting flood risk zones and the SFHA, and is used with the FIS report to determine who must buy flood insurance and the floodplain development regulations that apply in each flood risk zone. FIRMs also depict other information including Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or depths associated with the risk zones and floodways, and common physical features such as roads, waterways, lakes, etc.

#### What is the Significance of the SFHA?

The SFHA has at least a 1% chance of flooding in any given year, and at least a 26% chance of flooding over the life of a typical 30-year mortgage. The Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended, mandates that flood insurance must be purchased for structures located within the SFHA as a condition of financing from any federally- backed or federally-regulated lending institution.

#### MONMOUTH COUNTY'S FIS AND DFIRM REVISION

This preliminary FIS and DFIRM updates the SFHAs within 41 communities within Monmouth County and affects 44 DFIRM panels. The January 31, 2014 preliminary incorporates:

- Detailed Coastal study of 84 miles on the Atlantic Ocean
- Updated coastal storm surge elevations;
- Reviewed tidally influenced riverine areas;
- Incorporated latest Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) Information
- 2012 base orthoimagery from the New Jersey Office of Information Technology (NJOIT), Office of Geographic Information Systems (OGIS); and
- Improved coastal boundaries mapped using Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) data flown in 2006 and 2007.

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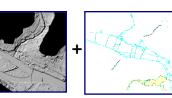
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#### **DFIRM**

The FIRM for Monmouth County has been produced in a digital format. DFIRMs are more accurate and easier to update than hardcopy maps, and DFIRMs clearly show whether structures are located inside or outside of flood hazard areas with the incorporation of an orthophoto base map. The January 31, 2014 preliminary DFIRM for Monmouth County incorporates a 2012 base map provided by the New Jersey Office of Information Technology (NJOIT), Office of Geographic Information Systems (OGIS), supplemented with stream centerlines, and political and road name data. The key components of a DFIRM are shown in the figures below.



Base Map



Topography

**Flood Data** 

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DFIRM

#### **COASTAL ANALYSIS**

The FEMA, Region II office, initiated a study in 2009 to update the coastal storm surge elevations within the states of New York and New Jersey including the Atlantic Ocean, the Barnegat Bay, the Raritan Bay, the Jamaica Bay, the Long Island Sound and their tributaries. The study replaces outdated coastal analyses as well as previously published storm surge stillwater elevations for all FIS Reports in the study area, including Monmouth County, NJ, and serves as the basis for updated FIRMs.

#### **POST-PRELIMINARY PROCESSING**

FEMA will hold meeting(s) with officials after January 31, 2014, following a review period for the preliminary FIS. A public open house, designed to assist residents locate their properties on the preliminary maps, will be held shortly after the Consultation Coordination Officer (CCO) meetings with community officials. A final FIS report and DFIRM will be published approximately six months after the final determination in both paper and digital format.

#### What are Appeals and Comments?

Community officials, or individual property owners working through community officials, may submit a formal objection to FEMA regarding the updated flood hazard information in the FIS report and on the FIRM during the 90-day appeal period. These objections, referred to as 'appeals', must be based on data that show the new or modified BFEs, base flood depths, SFHA boundaries or zone designations, or regulatory floodways are scientifically or technically incorrect. Objections to other information in the FIS report or on the FIRM that do not involve flood hazard information are called 'comments'; these generally involve concerns with updated corporate limits, jurisdictional boundaries, and/or road names.

#### **VERTICAL DATUM CHANGE**

#### What is a Vertical Datum?

A vertical datum is a set of constants that defines a system for comparison of elevations. In the NFIP, a vertical datum is important because all elevations need to be referenced to the same system. Otherwise, surveys using different datums would have different elevations for the same point. Historically, the FIRMs have referenced the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29). Now, a more accurate vertical datum is used - the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88).

#### **PROPERTY SPECIFIC REVIEWS**

How Do I Find Out if My Structure or Property Is Located in the Floodplain? You can view the current effective maps online by visiting the FEMA Map Service Center at http://msc.fema.gov. You can also view paper copies of the FIRMs at your local map repository, locations of which are provided in the enclosed Floodplain Mapping Fact Sheet. For additional assistance with locating NFIP mapping products, you can contact the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) toll-

View the Preliminary FIRMs and FIS Online

To view the preliminary FIRMs and FIS online, please visit www.fema.gov/preliminaryfloodhazarddata. You can also view paper copies of the preliminary maps at your local map repository listed below. Additional resources about the preliminary FIRMs and FIS, including the "What is My BFE?" address lookup tool, which allows users to compare the effective and the preliminary flood zone and BFE for their property are available on the following website: http://www.region2coastal.com.

update BFEs or flood depths are called Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs); these must be formally adopted by the community. Letters of Map Amendment (LOMAs) and Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-Fs) are official property-specific determinations from FEMA, and may be requested to officially determine whether structures or parcels are located in the SFHA.

#### How Can I Request a LOMC?

To obtain a LOMA, the requester must complete a LOMA application form and submit supporting property information to FEMA for review. You may submit a LOMA application using the Online LOMC tool, located at http://www.fema.gov/online-lomc. Alternatively, you may submit your request by printing the application from the Online LOMC website and mailing in the required documentation. At this time, LOMR-F requests must be submitted by mail.

For a LOMA to be issued removing a structure from the SFHA, NFIP regulations require that the lowest adjacent grade (the lowest ground touching the structure) be at or above the BFE. For LOMR-F determinations, the lowest floor must also be at or above the BFE. LOMA/LOMR-F requesters must provide all of the information needed for FEMA's review of the request, which may include elevation information certified by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer. The issuance of a LOMA or a LOMR-F removal determination means that the Federal flood insurance and development requirements no longer applies to the structure. However, it is the lender's right to require the purchase of flood insurance to protect their investment regardless of whether the structure has been officially identified as no longer in the SFHA by a LOMA or LOMR-F.

#### **LOMC** Revalidation

When a new FIRM becomes effective, it automatically supersedes previously issued LOMCs that have been issued for properties on the revised FIRM panels. Recognizing that some LOMCs may still be valid, FEMA has an automatic process for reviewing and revalidating LOMCs, as appropriate. You may check with your community to inquire whether a previously issued LOMC has been revalidated.

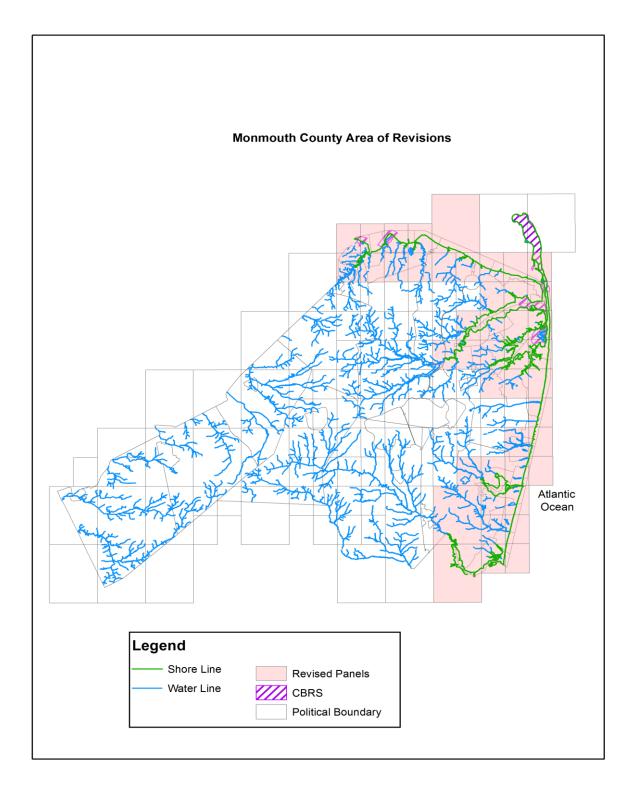
free at 1-877) FEMA MAP (877-336-2627) or you may e-mail the FMIX staff at FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com.

### Is There Any Recourse if I Do Not Agree with the New Map?

Although FEMA uses the best available flood hazard information, if you have access to more detailed flood study data to improve the FIRMs within your community, it should be submitted during the 90-day appeal period for consideration. If the appeal period has ended, you may wish to apply for a Letter of Map Change (LOMC) after the FIRM is effective. LOMCs which officially update the physical delineation of the floodplains and/or floodways, or which

# Monmouth County, New Jersey Floodplain Mapping Fact Sheet

#### SCOPE OF STUDY



### Which areas were studied?

Body of water studied	Study Type	Mileage	Scope of Revision
Atlantic Ocean	Detailed	84	Atlantic Ocean Coastline

# Monmouth County, New Jersey Floodplain Mapping Fact Sheet

#### How can I find more information regarding the revised mapping in Monmouth County?

You can view the new map for your community by visiting your local map repository. The table below lists the location of the local floodplain administrator who maybe able to help you find the location of your property on the new preliminary maps. Monmouth County maps are available for reference at the map repository, but not for distribution. To view preliminary mapping data online, please visit <u>www.fema.gov/preliminaryfloodhazarddata</u>. Additional information about this study, including meeting presentations can be found online at the RAMPP-Team Website (<u>http://www.rampp-team.com/nj.htm</u>). Information about coastal flood hazard mapping efforts in New Jersey may be found online at <u>http://www.region2coastal.com</u>.

Community Name	Floodplain Administrator	Phone Number	Map Repository
Borough of Allenhurst	Mr. Peter Akakian	(732) 531-2757	Allenhurst Borough Hall 125 Corlies Avenue Allenhurst, NJ 07711
Borough of Atlantic Highlands	Mr. Joseph Kachinsky	(732) 291-1122	Atlantic Highlands Borough Hall 100 First Avenue Atlantic Highlands, NJ 07716
Borough of Avon-By- The-Sea	Mr. Rich Connors	(732) 502-4510	Avon-By-The-Sea Borough Municipal Offices 301 Main Street Avon-By-The-Sea, NJ 07717
Borough of Belmar	Mr. Ted Bianchi	(732) 681-3700	Belmar Borough Hall 601 Main Street Belmar, NJ 07719
Borough of Bradley Beach	Mr. Ken Triano	(732) 776-2999	Bradley Beach Municipal Building 701 Main Street Bradley Beach, NJ 07720
Borough of Brielle	Mr. Albert Ratz	(732) 449-3252	Brielle Borough Hall 601 Union Lane Brielle, NJ 08730
Borough of Deal	Mr. Peter Avakian	(732) 922-9229	Avakian Leon S. Inc. 788 Wayside Road Neptune, NJ 07723
Borough of Eatontown	Mr. Jerry Applegate	(732) 389-7615	Eatontown Borough Hall 47 Broad Street Eatontown, NJ 07724
Borough of Fair Haven	Mr. Dennis Peras	(732) 842-3022	Fair Haven Borough Hall 748 River Road Fair Haven, NJ 07704
Borough of Highlands	Mr. Dale Leubner	(732) 778-6294	Highlands Building Department 19 Bay Avenue Highlands, NJ 07732
Borough of Interlaken	Mr. Paul Vitale	(732) 531-7405	Interlaken Borough Hall 100 Grasmere Avenue Interlaken, NJ 07712

Community Name	Floodplain Administrator	Phone Number	Map Repository
Borough of Keansburg	Mr. Edward Striedl	(732) 787-0215	Keansburg Municipal Offices 29 Church Street Keansburg, NJ 07734
Borough of Keyport	Mr. Robert Burlew	(732) 739-5134	Keyport Borough Hall 70 West Front Street Keyport, NJ 07735
Borough of Lake Como	Mr. John Rowe	(732) 681-3232	Lake Como Borough Hall 1740 Main Street Lake Como, NJ 07719
Borough of Little Silver	Mr. Gregory Blash	(732) 922-9229	Little Silver Borough Hall 480 Prospect Avenue Little Silver, NJ 07739
Borough of Manasquan	Mr. Albert Ratz	(732) 223-0544	Manasquan Borough Hall 201 East Main Street Manasquan, NJ 08736
Borough of Matawan	Ms. Karen Wynne	(732) 566-3898	Matawan Borough Hall 201 Broad Street Matawan, NJ 07747
Borough of Monmouth Beach	Mr. Donald Clare	(732) 229-2204	Monmouth Beach Borough Hall 22 Beach Road Monmouth Beach, NJ 07750
Borough of Neptune City	Mr. William Doolittle	(732) 776-7224 ext 26	Neptune City Borough Hall 106 West Sylvania Avenue Neptune City, NJ 07753
Borough of Oceanport	Mr. William White	(732) 383-1950	Oceanport Borough Hall 222 Monmouth Boulevard Oceanport, NJ 07757
Borough of Red Bank	Mr. Stanley Sickels	(732) 530-2760	Red Bank Borough Hall 90 Monmouth Street Red Bank, NJ 07701
Borough of Rumson	Mr. Dennis Peras	(732) 842-3022	Rumson Borough Hall 80 East River Road Rumson, NJ 07760
Borough of Sea Bright	Mr. Edward Wheeler	(732) 842-0099	Sea Bright Borough Hall 1167 Ocean Avenue Sea Bright, NJ 07760
Borough of Sea Girt	Mr. Albert Ratz	(732) 449-0800	Sea Girt Borough Hall 321 Baltimore Boulevard Sea Girt, NJ 08750
Borough of Shrewsbury	Mr. Dave Cramer	(732) 212-8900	Shrewsbury Borough Hall 419 Sycamore Avenue Shrewsbury, NJ 07702
Borough of Spring Lake	Mr. Albert Ratz	(732) 449-0800	Spring Lake Borough Hall 423 Warren Avenue Spring Lake, NJ 07762
Borough of Spring Lake Heights	Mr. Albert Ratz	(732) 449-0800	Spring Lake, No 07702 Spring Lake Heights Municipal Building 555 Brighton Avenue Spring Lake Heights, NJ 07762

Community Name	Floodplain Administrator	Phone Number	Map Repository
Borough of Tinton Falls	Mr. David Marks	(732) 671-6400	<i>Tinton Falls Municipal Building 556 Tinton Avenue Tinton Falls, NJ 07724</i>
Borough of Union Beach	Mr. Bob Burlew	(732) 739-1503	Union Beach Borough Hall 650 Poole Avenue Union Beach, NJ 07735
City of Asbury Park	Mr. Joe Cunha	(732) 502-2100	Asbury Park City Hall 1 Municipal Plaza Asbury Park, NJ 08501
City of Long Branch	Mr. Stanley Midose	(732) 571-5690	Long Branch City Hall 344 Broadway Long Branch, NJ 07740
Township of Aberdeen	Mr. John Quinn	(732) 583-4200	Aberdeen Township Hall 1 Aberdeen Square Aberdeen, NJ 07747
Township of Hazlet	Mr. Frank DiRoma	(732) 264-5707	Hazlet Township Hall 1766 Union Avenue Hazlet, NJ 07730
Township of Holmdel	Mr. David Olsen	(732) 946-2820	Holmdel Township Municipal Building 4 Crawfords Corner Road Holmdel, NJ 07733
Township of Middletown	Mr. Joseph Kachinsky	(732) 615-2106	Middletown Township Hall 1 Kings Highway Middletown, NJ 07748
Township of Neptune	Mr. William Dolittle	(732) 988-5200	Neptune Township Hall 25 Neptune Boulevard Neptune, NJ 07753
Township of Ocean	Mr. Jerry Donlon	(732) 531-5000	Ocean Township Hall 399 Monmouth Road Oakhurst, NJ 07755
Township of Wall	Mr. Paul Rabenda	(732) 449-8444	Wall Municpal Office 2700 Allaire Road Wall, NJ 07719
Village of Loch Arbour	Mr. Peter Avakian	(732) 922-9229	Loch Arbour Village Office 550 Main Street Loch Arbour, NJ 07711
Township of Colts Neck	Mr. Tom Frank	(732) 462-5470 ext 109	Colts Neck Township Hall 124 Cedar Drive Colts Neck, NJ 07722
Township of Shrewsbury	Mr. Thomas Herits	(732) 383-1950	Shrewsbury Township Hall 1979 Crawford Street Shrewsbury Township, NJ 07724
Borough of West Long Branch	Mr. Stanely Midose	(732) 571-5990	West Long Branch Borough Hall 965 Broadway West Long Branch, NJ 07764