

Flood Risk Project

Chautauqua County, New York

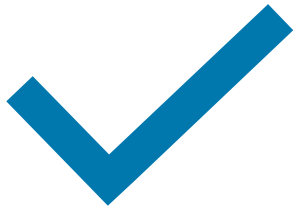
Hydrology Review Meeting

September 23, 2021



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Agenda



Recap/Refresh



Hydrology Analysis
Review



Path Forward



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Project Recap

- **Projects in Chautauqua County**
 - Chautauqua County Scoping of Priorities
 - Completed in November 2020
 - Western New York BLE
 - Completed in November 2020
 - Lake Erie Coastal
 - December 2017
- **Current Chautauqua Study Progress**
 - Kickoff meeting: Held virtually February 8, 2021
 - Engineering models notification: March 2, 2021
 - Field survey: Spring 2021 – Fall 2021
 - Hydrologic analysis: June 2021 – Present



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BLE Data Available - [Draft Data Viewer](#)

Coastal Data Available - [Draft Data Viewer](#)

Project Scope

- First time digital maps
- Flooding sources analyzed
 - Detailed riverine studies (AE) – 47 streams, 78 miles
 - Detailed lake studies (AE) – 3 Lake, 22 miles
 - Approximate studies (A) – multiple streams, 977 miles
 - Will tie in to existing coastal mapping
- 45 Updated Communities – 232 Map Panels
- Review Meetings
 - Hydrology Meeting
 - Hydraulics Meeting
 - Flood Risk Review Meeting



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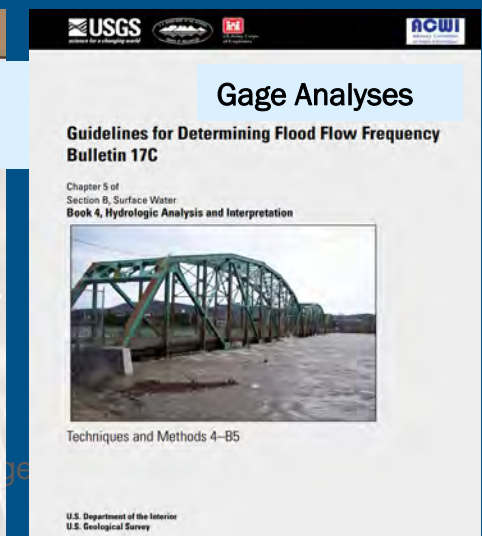
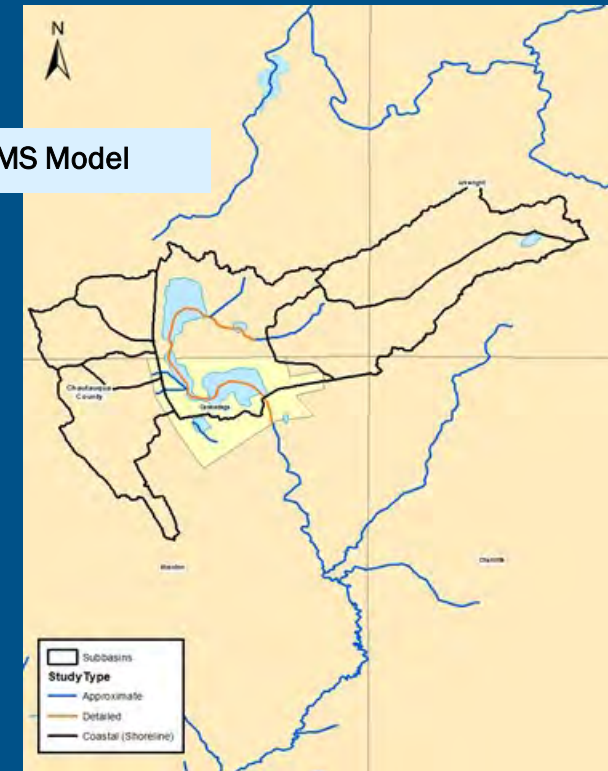
Hydrologic Analysis Methods

- Typical Methods FEMA utilizes
 - Statistical Gage Analyses
 - Regression Analyses
 - Rainfall Runoff Modeling
- Gage/Regression are based on stream gage data
- Rainfall-Runoff based on estimated hydrologic parameters
- Discharges developed for
 - 10%, 4%, 2%, 1%, 1%+, 1%-, 0.2%
 - Inputs for hydraulic analyses



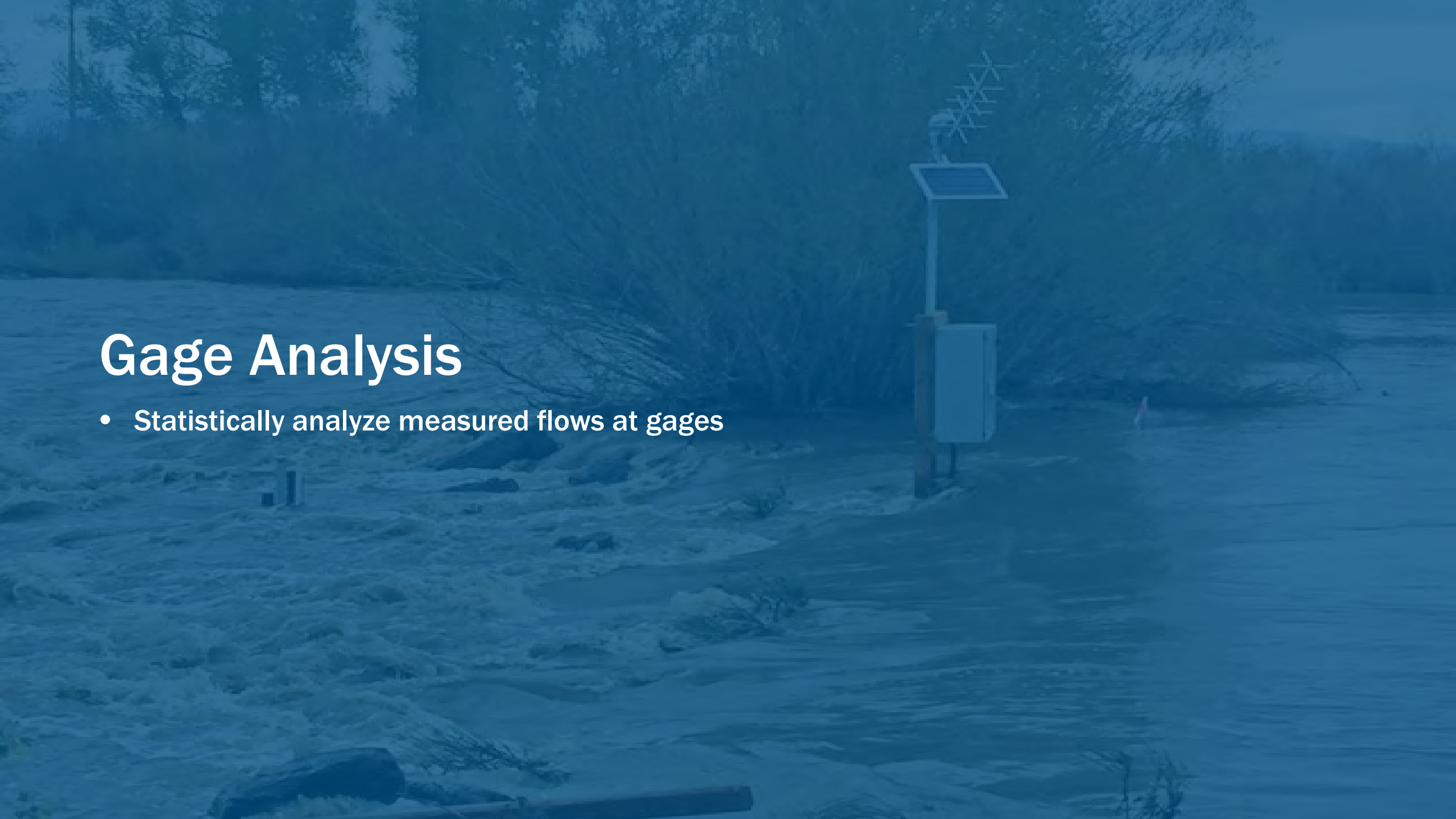
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HEC-HMS Model



Gage Analysis

- Statistically analyze measured flows at gages



Hydrology – Stream Gage Analysis

USGS Gage Number	Stream Name	Stream Gage Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Number of Systematic Peaks	Period of Record (Years)
03013800	Ball Creek	Ball Creek at Stow, NY	9.6	39	1974 – 2012
04213376	Canadaway Creek	Canadaway Creek at Fredonia, NY	32.9	34	1979 – 2020
04213500	Cattaraugus Creek	Cattaraugus Creek at Gowanda, NY	436	79	1940 – 2020
03014500	Chadakoin River	Chadakoin River at Falconer, NY	194	85	1935 – 2019
03013000	Conewango Creek	Conewango Creek at Waterboro, NY	290	56	1939 – 1994

- Flow gage analysis performed in support of regression analysis
- Viable gage = minimum 10 years current record
- Bulletin 17C methodology



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Hydrology – Lake Gage Analysis

USGS Gage Number	Stream Name	Stream Gage Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Number of Systematic Peaks	Period of Record (Years)
03013946	Chautauqua Lake	Chautauqua Lake at Bemus Point, NY	189	22	1976 – 1998

- Statistical distribution fitting analysis



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Regression Analysis

- USGS Regression Equation Discharges leveraged from Western NY BLE Project
- Relationships between peak flows and watershed characteristics
- Regional Regression Equations
- Gage Weighting

Hydrology – Regression Analysis

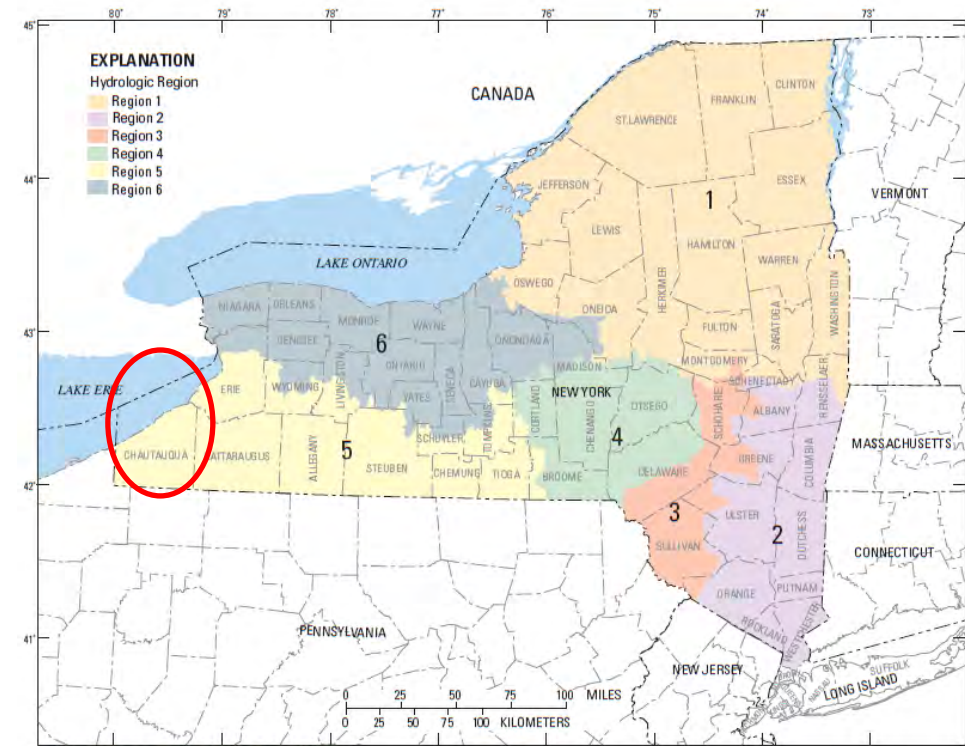
- Regression Analysis = Chautauqua (1,043 miles)
 - 66 miles of Detailed streams (AE Zone)
 - 977 miles of Approximate streams (A Zone)



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Hydrology – Regression Analysis

- USGS New York regression equations
 - SIR 2006-5112
- Study area falls within USGS NY regression Region 5
- Method for Zone A streams



Base from U.S. Geological Survey, Digital Line Graph, 1:250,000, Universal Transverse Mercator projections, zone 18, NAD83.
Figure 2. Six hydrologic regions of New York and locations of 388 streamflow-gaging stations represented in this study. (Map numbers refer to streamflow-gaging stations shown in tables 7 and 8)



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Summary of Regression Equations

Factors Considered

- Drainage area (square miles)
- Mean annual precipitation (inches per year)
- Main channel slope (feet/mile)

Summary of Gage Weighting Streams with Regression Discharges

- Gaged Sites
 - Log Pearson Type III, Bulletin 17C analysis to determine the discharges
- Ungaged Sites on Gaged Streams
 - For unregulated streams, the gage discharge is weighted with the regression discharge.
 - Performed at all the flow change locations within 50% to 150% of the gage drainage area



Example stream gage. Source: USGS/ Robert Swanson

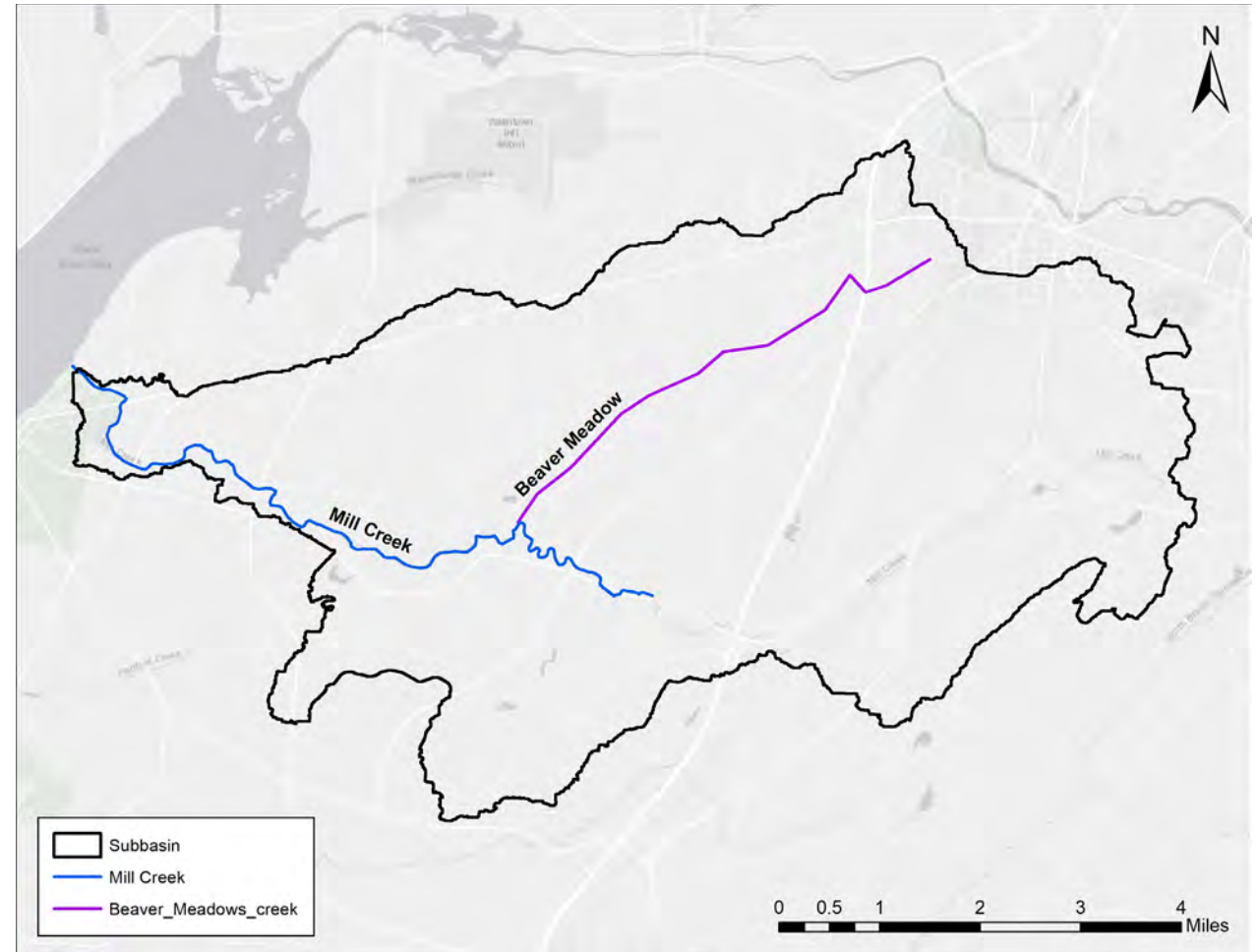
The background image shows a wide river with turbulent, white-water rapids. On the right bank, there is a weather station consisting of a solar panel mounted on a pole, with a weather vane and other sensors above it. The entire image has a blue color overlay.

Rainfall-Runoff Analysis

- Creation of hydrologic models to calculate flows at outlet, node or subbasin
- Estimated inputs required

Hydrology – Rainfall-Runoff Modeling

- 2 lakes (39.6 sq. mi)
 - Cassadaga Lakes - 3 miles
 - Findley Lake - 2 miles
 - Scoped to be studied using stage frequency analysis.
 - No gage data – HECHMS rainfall runoff model used to estimate frequency stages.



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Rainfall-Runoff Methodology

- HEC-HMS 4.6.1 was used
- Rainfall Depths: NOAA Atlas 14 Precipitation Frequency Data Server, 24-hour duration.
- Loss Methodology: SCS Curve Number
- Hydrograph Methodology: SCS Unit Hydrograph
 - Lag Time (60% of Time of Concentration)
- Channel Routing: Muskingum-Cunge using 8-point cross-sections
- Reservoir Routing: Stage-Discharge curve developed for all reservoirs/ Lakes using HEC-RAS
 - Reservoir/lakes then modeled as a function of storage (Elevation-Area-Discharge) method

Model Validation / Results

- Check computed flows against results from Effective FIS

Gage Analysis

Gage Analysis results – Comparison with FIS values

Stream Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Effective Discharge (cfs)		Restudied Discharge (cfs)		Difference	
		1-Pct	0.2-Pct	1-Pct	0.2-Pct	(%)	(%)
Ball Creek	9.7	1,430.0	1,850.0	2,004.9	2,531.7	40%	37%
Canadaway Creek	33.3	5,760.0	7,900.0	11,056.3	16,941.2	92%	114%
Canadaway Creek	33.0	5,620.0	7,180.0	11,044.2	16,941.2	97%	136%
Canadaway Creek	30.7	5,330.0	6,820.0	10,141.9	15,404.3	90%	126%
Canadaway Creek	27.2	4,890.0	6,800.0	8,816.8	13,161.5	80%	94%
Cattaraugus Creek	561.6	45,150	57,000	48,800	64,300	8%	13%
Chadakoin River	198.9	2,100.0	2,300.0	2,484.6	2,913.5	18%	27%
Chadakoin River	193.8	2,100.0	2,300.0	2,420.8	2,838.8	15%	23%
Chadakoin River	188.8	2,050.0	2,300.0	2,358.4	2,765.5	15%	20%



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Lake Analysis

Lake Analysis results – Comparison with FIS values

Stream Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Effective Water Surface Elevation (ft NAVD 88)		Restudied Water Surface Elevation (ft NAVD 88)		Difference	
		1-Pct	0.2-Pct	1-Pct	0.2-Pct	(ft)	(ft)
Cassadaga Lakes	6.0	1307.9	1308.9	1307.9	1308.9	0.0	0.0
Findley Lake	4.9	1422.2	1422.8	1421.6	1422.7	-0.6	-0.1
Chautauqua Lake	189	1310.0	1310.3	1310.5	1310.9	0.5	0.6



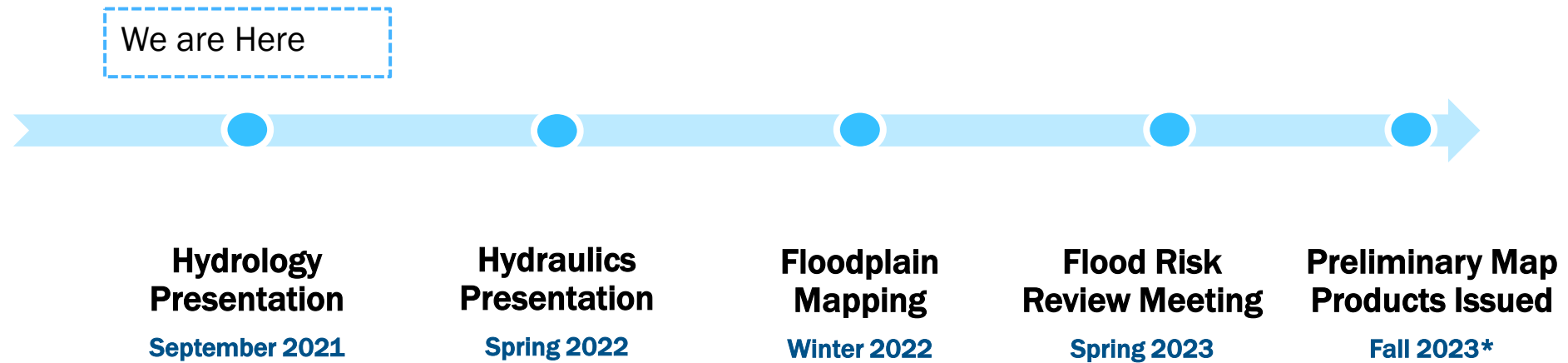
Chautauqua County Next Steps

Chautauqua County Next Steps

- Hydraulic analysis
 - Hydraulic modeling/report/submittal
 - Hydraulic analysis webinar
- Floodplain Mapping
- Flood Risk Review meeting
 - Comment period for communities



Project Timeline towards Preliminary Issuance



*Current timeline could be impacted by Flood Risk Review Comments

Graphic Above Not to Scale



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Thank you!



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